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# NINTH SUPPLEMENT TO THE AMERICAN ORNI-THOLOGISTS' UNION CHECK-LIST OF NORTH AMERICAN BIRDS.

THE Eighth Supplement to the A. O. U. Check-List of North American Birds — the first since the appearance of the "second and revised" edition of the Check-List - was published in January, 1897 (Auk, XIV, pp. 117-135). The present (Ninth) Supplement gives a report of the action of the Committee on Classification and Nomenclature of North American Birds on all questions affecting the Check-List that have come before it for consideration since that date, covering the two years between January, 1897, and January, 1899. While a satisfactory decision was practicable in most cases, in quite a number of instances either the material available for examination was insufficient, or the questions were too complicated for the Committee to decide in the limited time available for concerted work. These have been referred to subcommittees for investigation, and will come up for final action at a future meeting of the Committee.

As in the previous Supplements, the numbers at the left of the scientific names furnish the means of easy collation of the Supplement with the Check-List. The interpolated species and subspecies are numbered in accordance with the provision made therefor in the Code of Nomenclature (p. 14, last paragraph).

(ROBERT RIDGWAY, Chairman.

J. A. Allen.

Committee William Brewster.

Elliott Coues.

C. Hart Merriam.

I. ADDITIONS TO THE CHECK-LIST, AND AC-CEPTED CHANGES IN NOMENCLATURE.

Family URINATORIDÆ (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 3). (Cf. Allen, Auk, XIV, July, 1898, 312.)

This becomes

FAMILY GAVIDÆ.

#### GENUS URINATOR CUVIER. This becomes

#### GENUS GAVIA FORSTER.

Gavia Forster, Enchirid. Hist. Nat. 1788, 38. No type, but based exclusively upon the Loons. (Cf. Allen, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 312.) Hence Nos. 7 to 11 will stand as follows:

#### 7. Gavia imber (Gunn.).

Colymbus imber Gunnerus, Trondh. Selsk. Skr. I, 1761 pl. iii.

Gavia imber Allen, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 312.

### 8. Gavia adamsii (GRAY).

Colymbus adamsii Gray, P. Z. S. 1859, 167. Gavia adamsii Allen, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 312.

#### 9. Gavia arctica (LINN.).

Colymbus arcticus LINN. S. N. ed. 10, I, 1758, 135. Gavia arctica Allen, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 312.

# 10. Gavia pacifica (Lawr.).

Colymbus pacificus LAWR. in Baird's Bds. N. Am. 1858, 889. Gavia pacifica Allen, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 312.

### 11. Gavia lumme (Gunn.).

Colymbus lumme Gunnerus, Trondh. Selsk. Skr. I, 1761, pl. ii, fig. 2.

Gavia lumme Allen, Auk, XIV, Ju'y, 1897, 312.

# GENUS GAVIA BOIE (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 15). This becomes.

#### GENUS PAGOPHILA KAUP.

Pagophila Kaup, Skizz. Entw.-Gesch. Eur. Thierw. 1829, 69.
Type, Larus eburneus Phipps = L. albus Gunn. (Cf. Coues, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 313.)

# 39. Gavia alba (Gunn.). This hence becomes Pagophila alba (Gunn.).

Larus albus Gunn. in Leem's Beskr. Finm. Lapp. 1767, 285. Pagophila alba Coues, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 313.

# 64. **Sterna tschegrava** Lepech. This becomes **Sterna caspia** Pallas.

Sterna caspia PALLAS, Nov. Comm. Petrop. XIV, 1770, 582, pl. xxii, fig. 2.

This change is made on the grounds (1) that LEPECHIN was not binomial in the article in which he named *Sterna tschegrava*, and (2) that *Sterna caspia* PALLAS, of even date, was the name first used by a subsequent author. (*Cf.* COUES, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 314.)

SUBGENUS **HALIPLANA** WAGLER (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 26).

This becomes

#### SUBGENUS ONYCHOPRION WAGLER.

Onychoprion Wagler, Isis, 1832, 277. Type, Sterna serrata Forster = S. fuliginosa Gmel. (Cf. Coues, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 314.)

#### 82.1. Diomedea immutabilis Rothsch.

Laysan Albatross.

Diomedea immutabilis ROTHSCHILD, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, No. IX, June, 1893, p. xlviii.

GEOG. DIST. — Laysan Islands; San Geronimo and Guadalupe Islands, Lower California. (Cf. Anthony, Auk, XV, Jan. 1898, 38.)

Family **PROCELLARIID** (Check-List, 2d ed., pp. 29-38). For the two present subfamilies (Procellariin and

- OCEANITINÆ) substitute the four following (Cf. Coues, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 315):
- Suppramily **FULMARINE**, to include Nos. 85 to 87, inclusive, and No. [102], or the genera Ossifraga, Fulmarus, Priocella, and Daption.
- Subfamily **PUFFININÆ**, to include Nos. 86 to [101], inclusive, or the genera *Puffinus*, *Priofinus*, *Æstrelata* and *Bulweria*.
- Subfamily **PROCELLARIINÆ**, to include Nos. 103 to 108, inclusive, or the genera *Halocyptena*, *Procellaria*, and *Oceanodroma*.
- Substantily **OCEANITINÆ**, to include Nos. 109 to 111, inclusive, thus leaving the subfamily without change.

The former subfamily PROCELLARIINÆ is thus divided into the three subfamilies FulmarinÆ, PuffininÆ, and ProcellariinÆ, while the subfamily OceanitinÆ remains as formerly. In order of arrangement, No. [102] comes next after No. 87.

Subgenus **PRIOCELLA** Hombron & Jacquinot (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 31). This is raised to a full genus. (*Cf.* Coues, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 315.) Hence No. 87 will stand as

# 87. Priocella glacialoides (SMITH).

Procellaria glacialoides SMITH, Illust. S. Afr. B. 1840, pl. 51. Priocella glacialoides B. B. & R. Water Bds. N. A. II, 1884, 373.

### [92.1.] Puffinus assimilis Gould.

Allied Shearwater.

Puffinus assimilis Gould, P. Z. S. 1837, 156.

$$[B-, C-, R-, C-.]$$

GEOG. DIST. — Australian and New Zealand Seas, and northward in the Atlantic Ocean to the Madeira Islands; Sable Island, Nova Scotia (accidental). (*Cf.* DWIGHT, Pr. Biol. Soc. Wash. XI, 1897, 69.)

#### 93.1. Puffinus auricularis C. H. Townsend.

Townsend's Shearwater.

Puffinus auricularis C. H. Townsend, Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. XIII, Sept. 9, 1890, 133.

$$[B-, C-, R-, C-.]$$

GEOG. DIST. — Clarion Island, north to Cape San Lucas, Lower California. (Cf. Anthony, Auk, XV, Jan. 1898, 38.)

# 94. **Puffinus stricklandi** RIDGW. This becomes **Puffinus fuliginosus** STRICKLAND.

Puffinus fuliginosus STRICKLAND, P. Z. S. 1832, 129.

The prior *Procellaria fuliginosa* GMEL. does not render *Puffinus fuliginosus* STRICKLAND untenable. (*Cf.* COUES, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 315.)

Subgenus **PRIOFINUS** Hombron & Jacquinot (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 33). This is raised to a full genus. (*Cf.* Coues, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 315.) Hence No. [97] will stand as

# [97.] Priofinus cinereus (GMEL.).

Procellaria cinerea GMEL. S. N. I, ii, 1788, 563. Priofinus cinereus JACQ. & PUCH. Voy. Pôle Sud, Zool. III, 1853, 145.

### 105.2. Oceanodroma kaedingi Anthony.

Kaeding's Petrel.

Oceanodroma kaedingi Anthony, Auk, XV, Jan. 1898, 37.

GEOG. DIST. — Socorro and Clarion Islands, north to southern California.

# [106.2.] Oceanodroma cryptoleucura (Ridgw.).

Hawaiian Petrel.

Cymochorea cryptoleucura RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. IV, 1882, 337.

Oceanodroma cryptoleucura RIDGW., Man. N. A. Bds. 1887, 71.

GEOG. DIST. — Pacific and Southern Oceans; accidental in the District of Columbia. (Cf. W. PALMER, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 297.)

GENUS CYMODROMA RIDGWAY (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 38).

This becomes

#### GENUS FREGETTA BONAP.

Fregetta Bonap. Comp. Rend. XLI, 1855, 1113. Type, Thalassidroma tropica Gould = T. melanogaster Gould.

Name sufficiently distinct from *Fregata* Briss. (Cf. Coues, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 315.) Hence No. [110] will stand as

### [110.] Fregetta grallaria (VIEILL.).

Procellaria grallaria Vieill. Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat. XXVI, 1817, 418.

Fregetta grallaria Bonap. Consp. Av. II, 1856, 197.

# 112. **Phaethon flavirostris** Brandt. This becomes **Phaethon americanus** Grant.

Phaëthon americanus Grant, Bull. Brit. Orn. Club, No. XLIX, Dec. 1897, p. xxiv; Ibis, April, 1898, 288.

GEOG. DIST. — West Indies and Atlantic coast of Central America, north to Florida and Bermuda; accidental in western New York.

Phaëthon flavirostris is the Indian Ocean species.

# [113.1.] Phaëthon rubricaudus Bodd.

Red-tailed Tropic Bird.

Phaëton rubricaudus Bodd. Tabl. Pl. En. 1783, 57.

GEOG. DIST. — South Pacific. Accidental near Guadalupe Island, Lower California. (Cf. Anthony, Auk, XV, Jan. 1898, 39.)

# 129. Merganser americanus (CASS.).

By a typographical inadvertence in the 2d. ed. of the Check-List the concordance of this species was left blank. (Cf. Coues, Auk, XIV, 1897, 316.) The figures should stand as in the 1st ed. of the Check-List, namely:

The subgenera **Chaulelasmus**, **Mareca**, **Nettion**, and **Querquedula** (Check-List, 2d ed., pp. 49-51) are raised to the rank of genera. Hence Nos. 135 to 141 will stand as follows:

# 135. Chaulelasmus streperus (Linn.).

Anas strepera Linn. S. N. ed. 10, I, 1758, 125. Chaulelasmus streperus Bonap. Geog. and Comp. List, 1838, 56.

# 136. Mareca penelope (Linn.).

Anas penelope Linn. S. N. ed. 10, I, 1758, 126. Mareca penelope Selby, Br. Orn. II, 1833, 324.

# 137. Mareca americana (GMEL.).

Anas americana GMEL. Syst. Nat. I, ii, 1758, 526.

Mareca americana STEPHENS, Gen. Zool. XII, ii, 1824, 135.

# [138.] Nettion crecca (Linn.).

Anas crecca Linn. S. N. ed. 10, I, 1758, 126.

Nettion crecca Kaup, Skizz. Entw.-Gesch. Eur. Thierw. 1829, 95.

### 139. Nettion carolinensis (GMEL.).

Anas carolinensis GMEL. S. N. I, 1788, 533.

Nettion carolinensis BAIRD, Bds. N. Am. 1858, 777.

140. Querquedula discors (LINN.).

Anas discors Linn. S. N. ed. 12, I, 1766, 205.

Querquedula discors Stephens, Gen. Zool. XII, ii, 1824, 149.

141. Querquedula cyanoptera (Vieill.).

Anas cyanoptera VIEILL. Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat. V, 1816, 104.

Querquedula cyanoptera CASSIN, Ill. Bds. Cal. 1855, 82, pl. xv.

148. Aythya marila nearctica Stejn. This becomes Aythya marila (Linn.).

Anas marila Linn. S. N. ed. 12, I, 1766, 196. Aythya marila Boie, Isis, 1822, 564.

GEOG. DIST. — Northern part of northern hemisphere, breeding far north. South in winter to Guatemala, Japan, China, Formosa, and the Mediterranean.

The American and Old World birds are not satisfactorily distinguishable. (Cf. BISHOP, Auk, XII, 1895, 293; SHARPE, Cat. Bds. B. M. XXVII, 1895, 359; ELLIOT, Wild Fowl, 1898, 286.)

- 151. Clangula clangula americana (BONAP.). (Cf. Eighth Suppl.) The authority for the combination should be Clangula clangula americana FAXON, Auk, XIII, 1896, 215.
- 159. **Somateria mollissima borealis** (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 57. The authority should be C. L. Brehm, and the first reference, inadvertently omitted, is

Somateria borealis C. L. Brehm, Isis, 1830, 998.

GENUS **EXANTHEMOPS** ELLIOT. Admitted as a subgenus of *Chen* Boie, to include No. 170, *Chen rossii* (CASSIN).

Exanthemops Elliot, Ill. Am. Bds. II, 1869, pl. xliv. Type, Anser rossii Cassin. (Cf. Elliot, Wild Fowl, Nov. 1898, 44.)

### 173a. Branta bernicla glaucogastra (BREHM.).

White-bellied Brant.

Bernicla glaucogaster C. L. Brehm, Isis, 1830, 996, nomen nudum; Handb. Vög. Deutschl. 1831, 849.

Branta bernicla glaucogastra Coues, Auk, XIV, April, 1897, 207.

[B 570, part, C 484, part, R 595, part, C 700, part.]

GEOG. DIST. — Extreme northern part of northern hemisphere, including Arctic America, migrating southward in winter. (Cf. Coues, Auk, XIV, April, 1897, 207.)

201c. Ardea virescens anthonyi Mearns (cf. Eighth Suppl.). This should stand as No. 201b.

# [230.1.] Gallinago major (GMEL.).

Greater Snipe.

Scolopax major GMEL. S. N. I, ii, 1788, 661.

Gallinago major Koch, Syst. Baier. Orn. 1816, 313.

GEOG. DIST. — Europe, Asia, and Africa. Accidental in North America (Hudson Bay). (Cf. Coues, Auk, XIV, Apr. 1897, 209.)

Subgenus **EELODROMAS** Kaup (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 93). This is raised to full generic rank. (Cf. Coues, Auk, XIV, April, 1897, 211.) Hence Nos. 256, 256a, and [257] will stand as follows:

# 256. Helodromas solitarius (WILS.).

Tringa solitaria WILS. Am. Orn. VII, 1813, 53, pl. lviii, fig. 3.

Helodromas solitarius Sharpe, Cat. Bds. B. M. XXIV, 1896, 444.

256a. Helodromas solitarius cinnamomeus (Brewst.).

Totanus solitarius cinnamomeus Brewst. Auk, VII, Oct. 1890, 377.

Helodromas solitarius cinnamomeus A. O. U. COMM. MS.

### [257.] Helodromas ochropus (LINN.).

#### Green Sandpiper.

Tringa ocrophus (err. typ.) LINN. S. N. ed. 10, I, 1758, 149. Helodromas ochropus KAUP, Skizz. Entw.-Gesch. Eur. Thierw. 1829, 144.

GEOG. DIST. — Northern parts of the Old World. Accidental in North America (Hudson Bay and Nova Scotia). (Cf. COUES, Auk, XIV, Apr. 1897, 210.)

SUBGENUS **LOPHORTYX** BONAPARTE (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 109). This becomes

#### GENUS LOPHORTYX BONAP.

Hence Nos. 294, 294a, 295(cf. Grant, Cat. Bds. B. M. XXII, 1893, 399; Coues, Auk, XIV, Apr. 1897, 214; Elliot, Gall. Game Bds. 1897, 196) should stand as follows:

### 294. Lophortyx californicus (Shaw).

Tetrao californicus Shaw, Nat. Misc. IX, 1797, pl. cccxiv. Lophortyx californica Bonap. Geog. and Comp. List, 1838, 42.

# 294a. Lophortyx californicus vallicola (Ridgw.).

Callipepla californica vallicola RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. VIII, 1885, 355.

Lophortyx californicus vallicola Elliot, Gall. Game Bds. 1897, 60.

# 295. Lophortyx gambelii GAMB.

Lophortyx gambelii GAMBEL (ex NUTTALL MS.) Pr. Ac. Nat. Sci. Phila. 1843, 260.

SUBGENUS **CANACHITES** STEJNEGER (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 111). This is raised to the rank of a full genus. (*Cf.* Grant, Cat. Bds. B. M. XXII, 1893, 69; Elliot, Gall. Game Bds. N. Am. 1897, 195–197.) Hence Nos. 298 and 299 will stand as

### 298. Canachites canadensis (Linn.).

Tetrao canadensis LINN. S. N. ed. 10, I, 1758, 159.

Canachites canadensis Grant, Cat. Bds. Br. M. XXII, 1893, 69.

# 299. Canachites franklinii (Dougl.).

Tetrao franklinii Dougl. Trans. Linn. Soc. XVI, iii, 1829, 139.

Canachites franklinii GRANT, Cat. Bds. B. M. XXII, 1893, 71.

GENUS **PEDIOCÆTES** BAIRD (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 116). This is corrected to

#### GENUS **PEDIŒCETES** BAIRD.

Pediacetes BAIRD, Bds. N. Am. 1858, pp. xxi, xliv. Correction of Pediacetes in same work, p. 625. (Cf. GILL, Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 20.)

The same correction should be made in the generic name in the cases of Nos. 308, 308a, 308b. (Cf. Elliot, Gall. Game Bds. 1897, 125, 128, 134, 204; GILL, l. c. 23.)

GENUS **MELEAGRIS** LINN. (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 117.)—
The species and subspecies of this genus (cf. Coues, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 272-275; Elliot, Gall. Game Bds. N. Am. 1897, 209-212) will stand as follows, numbers 310 and 310a being transposed from their former order to conform to the new arrangement of names:

# 310. Meleagris gallopavo Linn.

Mexican Turkey.

Meleagris gallopavo Linn. S. N. ed. 10, I, 1758, 156.

[B 458, C 379, R 470, C 553.]

GEOG. DIST. — Southwestern United States, from western Texas to Arizona; south over the tableland of Mexico.

This is the main basis of the Linnæan name.

310a. Meleagris gallopavo fera (Vieill.).

Wild Turkey.

Meleagris fera Vieill. Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat. IX, 1817, 447. Meleagris gallopavo fera Coues, Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 77.

[B 457, C 379a, R 470a, C 554.]

GEOG. DIST. — Eastern United States, from southwestern Pennsylvania to the Gulf Coast, and west to the Plains, along wooded river valleys; formerly north to southern Maine, southern Ontario, and up the Missouri River to North Dakota.

- 310b. Meleagris gallopavo osceola Scott. (Not changed.)
- 310c. Meleagris gallopavo ellioti Sennett. This becomes Meleagris gallopavo intermedia Sennett.

Meleagris gallopavo intermedia SENNETT, Bull. U. S. Geol. and Geog. Surv. Terr. V, No. 3, Nov. 1879, 428.

The name *intermedia*, proposed tentatively, has thirteen years priority over *ellioti*, both names being based on the same form. (*Cf.* Coues, Auk, XIV, 1897, 275.)

320a. Columbigallina passerina pallescens (BAIRD). The concordance (cf. Coues, Auk, XIV, April 1897, 215) should be corrected to read as follows:

[B 453, part, C 374a, R 465, part, C 548.]

326. Catharista atrata (BARTR.). As Bartram was not strictly binomial in his nomenclature, it is inconsistent with the A. O. U. Code to recognize any of his names. (Cf. Coues, Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 84.) Hence No. 326 becomes

# Catharista urubu (VIEILL.).

Vultur urubu Vieill. Ois. Am. Sept. I, 1807, 53, pl. ii. Catharista urubu Vieill. Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat. XII, 1817, 401.

352a. Haliæetus leucocephalus alascanus C. H. Townsend.

#### Northern Bald Eagle.

Haliætus leucocephalus alascanus C. H. Townsend, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash. XI, June, 1897, 145.

[B 41, 43, part, C 362, part, R 451, part, C 534, part.]

GEOG. DIST. — Northern North America. By the admission of No. 352a, H. leucocephalus becomes restricted to the southern form, confined chiefly to the United States.

#### 369a. Syrnium occidentale caurinum Merriam.

Northern Spotted Owl.

Syrnium occidentale caurinum Merriam, Auk, XV, Jan. 1898, 39.

$$[B-, C-, R-, C-.]$$

GEOG. DIST. — Coast region of Washington and British Columbia.

# 373b. Megascops asio trichopsis (WAGL.). This becomes Megascops asio mccalli (CASS.).

It will now stand as in the first edition of the Check-List (p. 201). The change was due to an erroneous identification of Wagler's *Scops trichopsis*, which has since been corrected.

### 373.1. Megascops trichopsis (WAGLER).

Scops trichopsis WAGLER, Isis, 1832, 276.

Megascops trichopsis KAUP, Tr. Z. S. Lond. IV, 1862, 227.

GEOG. DIST. — Mexico, north to the Huachuca Mountains, Arizona.

This is *Megascops aspersus* Brewst., recently recorded by him as found in the Huachuca Mountains (cf. Auk, XV, April, 1898, 186).

375e. Bubo virginianus pacificus Cassin (cf. Eighth Suppl.). This should stand as No. 375b.

In the Order Coccyges (Check-List, 2d ed., pp. 153-155) the following changes should be made:

(1) At the bottom of p. 153, a Subfamily **NEOMOR-PHINÆ** should be introduced to include the genus *Geococcyx*.

(2) The present "Subfamily Coccyginæ" should be carried forward to p. 154, and include the genus *Coccyzus* only.

(3) The orthography should be changed to **COCCYZINÆ**.

(4) At p. 155, insert Subfamily **CUCULINÆ** to include the genus *Cuculus*.

(Cf. Coues, Auk, XIV, Jan. 1897, 90.)

#### 393e. Dryobates villosus monticola Anthony.

#### Rocky Mountain Hairy Woodpecker.

Dryobates villosus monticola Anthony, Auk, XV, Jan. 1898, 54 = D. v. montanus Anthony, Auk, XIII, Jan. 1896, 32, the name montanus being preoccupied by Picus montanus Brehm, which is a Dryobates.

[B 75, part, C 298a, part, R 360b, part, C 439, part.]

GEOG. DIST. — Rocky Mountains, from New Mexico to Montana, west to Utah (Uinta Mountains).

# 405. Ceophlœus pileatus (Linn.).

GEOG. DIST. — By admission of No. 405a, this becomes restricted to the wooded portions of the southern United States, from about North Carolina southward and westward.

# 405a. Ceophlœus pileatus abieticola Bangs.

Northern Pileated Woodpecker.

Ceophlœus pileatus abieticola BANGS, Auk, XV, Apr. 1898, 176.

[B 90, part, C 294, part, R 371, part, C 432, part.]

GEOG. DIST. — Heavily wooded regions of North America, from the southern Alleghanies northward.

#### 412. Colaptes auratus (LINN.).

GEOG. DIST. — By the admission of No. 412a this becomes restricted to the South Atlantic and Gulf coast region.

#### 412a. Colaptes auratus luteus Bangs.

Northern Flicker.

Colaptes auratus luteus BANGS, Auk, XV, Apr. 1898, 177.

GEOG. DIST. — Eastern and northern North America, south to North Carolina, west to the eastern base of the Rocky Mountains. Occasional on the Pacific slope, from California northward.

# 422. Cypseloides niger borealis (Kennerly).

Instead of the authority given for this name in the Eighth Supplement to the Check-List (Auk, XIV, Jan. 1897, 126), the following should be substituted:

Cypseloides niger borealis RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. III, Aug. 27, 1880, 188. (Cf. OBERHOLSER, Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 78.)

#### 435. Atthis morcomi Ridgw.

Morcom's Hummingbird.

Atthis morcomi RIDGW. Auk, XV, Oct. 1898, 325.

$$[B-, C-, R-, C-.]$$

GEOG. DIST. - Huachuca Mountains, Arizona.

In numeration this takes the place of No. 435, *Trochilus (Atthis)* heloisa (Less. & DeLatt.) of the first edition of the Check-List, which proved to be extra-limital, and to have been admitted to

the Check-List on an early erroneous identification. (Cf. RIDGW. Auk, VIII, 1891, 115.)

439. Amazilia cerviniventris Gould. This becomes

Amazilia cerviniventris chalconota Oberh.

Amazilia cerviniventris chalconota OBERHOLSER, Auk, XV, Jan. 1898, 32.

460. Contopus pertinax CAB. This becomes

Contopus pertinax pallidiventris CHAPMAN.

Contopus pertinax pallidiventris Chapman, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 310.

GEOG. DIST. — Mountains of southern and central Arizona and northern Mexico. True *C. pertinax* is restricted to southern Mexico and Guatemala.

479. Aphelocoma floridana (Bartram). As Bartram was not a strict binomialist his names are not tenable, although in two instances they have been heretofore inadvertently used in the Check-List. Hence, taking the first tenable name (f. Coues, Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 84), this species will stand as

### Aphelocoma cyanea (Vieill.).

Garrulus-cyaneus VIEILL. Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat. XII, 1817, 476.

Aphelocoma cyane. Coues, Auk, XVI, Jan., 1899, 84.

488a. Corvus americanus floridanus BAIRD. The name floridanus being preoccupied by Corvus floridanus BONAP., 1826, for the Florida Jay (cf. COUES, Auk, XVI, Jan., 1899, 84), No. 488a, should stand as

# Corvus americanus pascuus Coues.

Corvus americanus pascuus Coues, Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 84.

# 501a. Sturnella magna mexicana (Scl.). This becomes Sturnella magna hoopesi Stone.

Rio Grande Meadowlark.

Sturnella magna hoopesi Stone, Pr. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila. 1897, 149.

$$[B-, C-, R 263a, C 321.]$$

GEOG. DIST. — Valley of the Lower Rio Grande, Texas, south into eastern Mexico.

# 515. Pinicola enucleator (Linn.). This becomes Pinicola enucleator canadensis (Cab.).

Pine Grosbeak.

Pinicola canadensis CAB. Mus. Hein. I, Aug. 1851, 167.

Pinicola enucleator β canadensis RIDGW. Bull. Nutt. Orn. Club, April, 1878, 66.

GEOG. DIST. — Northern and northeastern North America, from New England and Minnesota northward; further south in winter.

#### 515a. Pinicola enucleator montana Ridgw.

Rocky Mountain Pine Grosbeak.

Pinicola enucleator montana Ridgw. Auk, XV, Oct. 1898, 319.

GEOG. DIST. — Rocky Mountains, breeding from Montana and Idaho to New Mexico.

#### 515b. Pinicola enucleator californica Price.

California Pine Grosbeak.

Pinicola enucleator californica PRICE, Auk, XIV, April, 1897, 182.

GEOG. DIST. — The higher parts of the Sierra Nevada, central California.

#### 515c. Pinicola enucleator alascensis Ridgw.

Alaskan Pine Grosbeak.

Pinicola enucleator alascensis RIDGW. Auk, XV, Oct. 1898, 319.

GEOG. DIST. — Northwestern North America, including wooded portions of Alaska, except Kadiak and the southern coast district; south in winter to Montana, eastern British Columbia, etc.

### 515d. Pinicola enucleator flammula (Homeyer).

Kadiak Pine Grosbeak.

Pinicola flammula Homeyer, Journ. f. Orn. 1880, 156.

Pinicola enucleator flammula RIDGW. Auk, XV, Oct. 1898, 320.

GEOG. DIST. — Kadiak to Sitka, Alaska.

# 519c. Carpodacus mexicanus clementis (MEARNS).

San Clemente House Finch.

Carpodacus clementis MEARNS, Auk, XV, July, 1898, 258.

Carpodacus mexicanus clementis A. O. U. Comm. MS.

GEOG. DIST. — Santa Barbara Islands, California.

# 520.1. Carpodacus mcgregori Anthony.

McGregor's House Finch.

Carpodacus mcgregori Anthony, Auk, XIV, April, 1897, 165.

GEOG. DIST. - San Benito Island, Lower California.

GENUS **SPINUS** Koch (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 218). This, in part, becomes

#### GENUS ASTRAGALINUS CAB.

Astragalinus CAB. Mus. Hein. I, 1851, 159. Type, Fringilla tristis LINN. (Cf. RIDGW. Auk, XV, Jan., 1899, 79.)
Hence Nos. 529 to 532 will stand as follows:

529. Spinus tristis (Linn.). This becomes Astragalinus tristis (Linn.).

American Goldfinch.

Fringilla tristis Linn. Syst. Nat. ed. 10, I, 1758, 181.

Astragalinus tristis Cabanis, Mus. Hein. I, July, 1851, 159.

[B 313, part, C 149, part, R 181, part, C 213, part.]

GEOG. DIST. — Temperate North America, east of the Rocky Mountains.

529α. Spinus tristis pallidus Mearns. This becomes Astragalinus tristis pallidus (Mearns).

Pale Goldfinch.

Spinus tristis pallidus MEARNS, Auk, VII, July, 1890, 244.

Astragalinus tristis pallidus RIDGW. Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 79.

[B 313, part, C 149, part, R 181, part, C 213, part.]

GEOG. DIST. — Great Basin region, from Arizona northward, and south into Mexico.

529b. Astragalinus tristis salicamans (Grinnell).
Willow Goldfinch.

Spinus tristis salicamans GRINNELL, Auk, XIV, Oct. 1897, 397.

Astragalinus tristis salicamans RIDGW. Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 79.

[B 313, part, C 149, part, R 181, part, C 213, part.]

GEOG. DIST. — Pacific Coast region, from Washington to southern California.

### 530. Astragalinus psaltria (SAY).

Fringilla psaltria SAY, Long's Exped. II, 1823, 40.

Astragalinus psaltria RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. III, Aug. 27, 1880, 177.

#### 530a. Astragalinus psaltria arizonæ (Coues).

Chrysomitris mexicana var. arizonæ Coues, Pr. Ac. Nat. Sci. Phila. 1866, 82.

Astragalinus psaltria arizonæ RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. III, Aug. 27, 1880, 177.

#### 530b. Astragalinus psaltria mexicanus (Swains.).

Carduelis mexicana Swains. Phil. Mag. I, 1827, 435.

Astragalinus psaltria mexicanus RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. III, Aug. 27, 1880, 177.

# 531. Astragalinus lawrencei (Cass.).

Carduelis lawrencei CASS. Pr. Ac. Nat. Sci. Phila. 1851, 105, pl. v.

Astragalinus lawrencei RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. III, Aug. 27, 1880, 177.

GENUS PLECTROPHENAX STEJNEGER (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 220). This becomes

#### GENUS PASSERINA VIEILL.

Passerina VIEILL. Analyse, 1816, 30. Type, by elimination, Emberiza nivalis LINN. (Cf. RIDGW. Auk, XV, Oct. 1898, 324.)

Hence Nos. 534, 534a, 535 will stand as follows:

### 534. Passerina nivalis (LINN.).

Emberiza nivalis LINN. S. N. ed. 10, I, 1758, 176. Passerina nivalis VIEILL. Faune Franç. 1820, 86.

#### 534a. Passerina nivalis townsendi (Ridgw.).

Plectrophenax nivalis townsendi RIDGW. Man. N. Am. Bds. 1887, 403.

Passerina nivalis townsendi RIDGW. Auk, XV, Oct. 1898, 324.

### 535. Passerina hyperborea (Ridgw.).

Plectrophenax hyperboreus RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. VII, June 11, 1884, 68.

Passerina hyperborea RIDGW. Auk, XV, Oct. 1898, 324.

#### 3 6a. Calcarius lapponicus alascensis Ridgw.

#### Alaskan Longspur.

Calcarius lapponicus alascensis RIDGW. Auk, XV, Oct. 1898, 320.

[B 326, part, C 153, part, R 187, part, C 220, part.]

GEOG. DIST. — The whole of Alaska, including the Prybilof and Aleutian Islands, Unalaska, and the Shumagins; east to Fort Simpson; south in winter to Nevada, eastern Oregon, Colorado, western Kansas, etc.

GENUS **POOCÆTES** BAIRD (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 222).

This is corrected to

#### GENUS **POŒCETES** BAIRD.

Poweetes Baird, Bds. N. Am. 1858, pp. xx, xxix. Correction of *Poocætes* in same work, p. 447. (Cf. Gill, Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 20.)

The same correction should be made in the generic name of Nos. 540, 540a, 540b. (Cf. GILL, l. c. 23.)

# 549a. Ammodramus caudacutus nelsoni Allen. This becomes

#### 549.1. Ammodramus nelsoni (ALLEN).

Ammodramus caudacutus nelsoni Allen, Pr. Bost. Soc. Nat. Hist. XVII, March, 1875, 293.

Ammodramus nelsoni NORTON, Pr. Portland Soc. Nat. Hist. II, March 15, 1897, 102.

# 549b. Ammodramus caudacutus subvirgatus Dwight. This becomes

### 549.1a. Ammodramus nelsoni subvirgatus (Dwight).

Ammodramus caudacutus subvirgatus Dwight, Auk, IV, July, 1887, 233.

Ammodramus nelsoni subvirgatus Norton, Pr. Portland Soc. Nat. Hist. II, March 15, 1897, 102.

Changed on the ground that subvirgatus is a subspecies of nelsoni instead of caudacutus. (Cf. NORTON, l. c.)

# 550c. Ammodramus maritimus macgillivrayi (Aud.). This becomes

### Ammodramus maritimus fisheri Chapman.

Louisiana Seaside Sparrow.

Ammodramus maritimus fisheri Chapman, Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 10.

GEOG. DIST. — Coast of Louisiana; coast of Texas in migration.

# 550d. Ammodramus maritimus macgillivraii (Aud.). Macgillivray's Seaside Sparrow.

Fringilla macgillivraii Aud. Orn. Biog. II, 1834, 285; IV, 1838, 394, pl. ccclv.

Ammodramus maritimus macgillivraii Chapman, Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 5. (Not A. m. macgillivrayi RIDGW. Man. N. A. Bds. 2d. ed. 1896, App. 602 = A. m. fisheri Chapman.)

GEOG. DIST. - Coast of South Carolina and Georgia.

#### 567.1. Junco montanus Ridgw.

Montana Junco.

Junco montanus RIDGW. Auk, XV, Oct. 1898, 321.

GEOG. DIST. — Northwestern Montana and northern Idaho, north to Alberta; in winter south to northern Mexico, Texas, etc., and east, irregularly or casually, to the Mississippi Valley, and even to Maryland.

# 573a. Amphispiza bilineata deserticola Ridgw.

Desert Sparrow.

Amphispiza bilineata deserticola RIDGW. Auk, XV, July, 1898, 229. (Separates published May 13, 1898.)

og. Dist. — Arid plains, from western Texas to coast of southern California, north to northern Nevada and Utah, south into Chihuahua and Sonora; Lower California?

GENUS **PEUCÆA** AUD. (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 238). This in part becomes

#### GENUS AIMOPHILA SWAINS.

Aimophila Swainson, Class. Bds. II, 1837, 287. Type, Pipilo rufescens Swains.

This will include Nos. 579 to 580b, heretofore placed in the genus *Peucæa* (cf. Ridgw. Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 80). Numbers 579 to 580b will hence stand as follows, leaving in *Peucæa* only Nos. 575 to 578:

# 579. Aimophila carpalis (Coues).

Peucæa carpalis Coues, Am. Nat. VII, June, 1873, 322. Aimophila carpalis RIDGW. Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 81.

580. Aimophila ruficeps (Cass.).

Ammodramus ruficeps Cass. Pr. Ac. Nat. Sci. Phila. Oct. 1852, 184.

Aimophila ruficeps RIDGW. Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 81.

580a. Peucæa ruficeps boucardi (Scl.). This becomes Aimophila ruficeps scottii (Sennett).

Peucæa ruficeps scottii Sennett, Auk, V, Jan. 1888, 42. Aimophila ruficeps scottii RIDGW. Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 81.

580b. Aimophila ruficeps eremæca (Brown).

Peucæa ruficeps eremæca Brown, Bull. Nutt. Orn. Club, VII, Jan. 1882, 26.

Aimophila ruficeps eremæca Ridgw. Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 81.

580c. Aimophila ruficeps sororia Ridgw.

Laguna Sparrow.

Aimophila ruficeps sororia RIDGW. Auk, XV, July, 1898, 226.

[B 372, part, C 171, part, R 230, part, C 255, part.]

GEOG DIST. - Mountains of southern Lower California.

588c. Pipilo maculatus clementæ (GRINNELL).
San Clemente Towhee.

Pipilo clementæ Grinnell, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 294. Pipilo maculatus clementæ A. O. U. Comm. MS.

GEOG. DIST. - San Clemente Island, California.

In the genera **Pipilo** and **Oreospiza** (Check-List 2d ed., pp. 246-248, and Eighth Suppl., Auk, XIV, Jan. 1897, p. 129) the

numeration should be changed (cf. Coues, Auk, Apr. 1897, 221) as follows:

Cancel No. 590, and carry the present No. 590, Oreospiza chlorura, forward to follow No. 592, to stand as

- 592.1. Oreospiza chlorura (Aud.).
- 597a. Guiraca cærulea eurhyncha Coues. This becomes Guiraca cærulea lazula (Lesson).

Pitylus lazulus Lesson, Rev. Zool. V, 1842, 174.

Guiraca cærulea lazula RIDGW. Auk, XV, Oct. 1898, 322.

- GENUS **PASSERINA** VIEILL. (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 251).

  This name being now used for what has been called *Plectrophenax*, is changed to
- GENUS CYANOSPIZA BAIRD. (Cf. RIDGW. Auk, XV, Oct. 1898, 323.)

Cyanospiza BAIRD, Bds. N. Am. 1858, 500. Type, Tanagra cyanea LINN.

Hence Nos. 598 to 601 should stand as follows:

598. Cyanospiza cyanea (Linn.).

Tanagra cyanea Linn. S. N. ed. 12, I, 1766, 315. Cyanospiza cyanea BAIRD, Bds. N. Am. 1858, 505.

599. Cyanospiza amœna (SAY).

Emberiza amæna SAY, Long's Exped. II, 1823, 47. Cyanospiza amæna BAIRD, Bds. N. Am. 1858, 504.

600. Cyanospiza versicolor (BONAP.).

Spiza versicolor BONAP. P. Z. S. 1837 (June, 1838), 120. Cyanospiza versicolor BAIRD, Bds. N. Am. 1858, 503.

600a. Cyanospiza versicolor pulchra (RIDGW.).

Passerina versicolor pulchra RIDGW. Man. N. Am. Bds. 1887, 448.

Cyanospiza versicolor pulchra RIDGW. Auk, XV, Oct. 1898, 324.

601. Cyanospiza ciris (Linn.).

Emberiza ciris LINN. S. N. ed. 10, 1758, 179. Cyanospiza ciris BAIRD, Bds. N. Am. 1858, 503.

GENUS **CHELIDON** FORSTER (Check-List, 2d. ed., p. 258).
This becomes

#### GENUS HIRUNDO LINN.

Hirundo Linn. Syst. Nat. ed. 10, I, 1758, 191. Type, as fixed by Schæffer (Elem. Orn. 1774, pl. xl), Hirundo rustica Linn. (Cf. Coues, Auk, XV, July, 1898, 271.) Hence No. 613 becomes

13. Hirundo erythrogaster Bodd.

Hirundo erythrogaster Bodd. Tabl. P. E. 1783, 45.

622c. Lanius ludovicianus anthonyi Mearns.

Island Shrike.

Lanius ludovicianus anthonyi MEARNS, Auk, XV, July, 1898, 261.

GEOG. DIST. — Santa Barbara Islands, California.

680. **Geothlypis macgillivrayi** (Aud.). This becomes **Geothlypis tolmiei** (Towns.).

Sylvia tolmiei J. K. Townsend, Narr. April, 1839, 343. Geothlypis tolmiei Stone, Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 82.

The name tolmiei has priority over macgillivrayi. (Cf. Stone, l. c.)

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GENUS SYLVANIA NUTTALL (Check-List, 2d ed, p. 285).
This becomes

#### GENUS WILSONIA BONAP.

Wilsonia Bonap. Geog. and Comp. List, 1838, 23. Type, Sylvia mitrata Latham = Motacilla mitrata GMEL.

Sylvania is a strict synonym of Setophaga Swains. (cf. Coues, Auk, XIV, 1897, 223). Hence Nos. 684 to 686 will stand as follows:

### 684. Wilsonia mitrata (GMEL.).

Motacilla mitrata GMEL. S. N. I. ii, 1788, 977. Wilsonia mitrata Bon. Geog. and Comp. List, 1838, 23.

#### 685. Wilsonia pusilla (WILS.).

Muscicapa pusilla WILS. Am. Orn. III, 1811, 103, pl. xxvi, fig. 4.

Wilsonia pusilla Bon. Geog. and Comp. List, 1838, 23.

### 685a. Wilsonia pusilla pileolata (PALL.).

Motacilla pileolata PALL. Zool. Rosso-As. I, 1811, 497.

Wilsonia pusilla pileolata Coues, Bull. Nutt. Orn. Club, V,
April, 1880, 95.

# 686. Wilsonia canadensis (Linn.).

Muscicapa canadensis Linn. S. N. ed. 12, I, 1766, 327.

Wilsonia canadensis Coues, Bull. Nutt. Orn. Club, V, April, 1880, 95.

# 710a. Harporhynchus redivivus pasadenensis Grinnell. Pasadena Thrasher.

Harporhynchus redivivus pasadenensis Grinnell, Auk, XV, July, 1898, 237.

[B 256, part, C 13, part, R 16, part, C 23, part.]

GEOG. DIST. - Southern California.

#### 711a. Harporhynchus lecontei arenicola Anthony.

#### Desert Thrasher.

Harporhynchus lecontei arenicola Anthony, Auk, XIV, Apr. 1897, 167.

[B 257, part, C 13a, part, R 16a, part, C 24, part.]

GEOG. DIST. -- Lower California.

# [717.] Catherpes mexicanus (Swains.). This becomes 717. Catherpes mexicanus albifrons (Giraud).

Certhia albifrons GIRAUD, Sixteen Sp. Texas Bds. 1841, pl. xviii.

Catherpes mexicanus albifrons Nelson, Auk, XV, Apr. 1889,.

GEOG. DIST. — Lower Rio Grande of Texas, and the States of Nuevo Leon and Tamaulipas, Mexico.

Subgenus **THRYOMANES** Sclater. This is raised to a full genus (cf. Oberholser, Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. XXI, Nov. 1898, 421). Hence Nos. 719, 719a, 719b, 719.1, 720, will stand as follows:

### 719. Thryomanes bewickii (Aud.).

Troglodytes bewickii Aud. Orn. Biog. I, 1831, 96, pl. xviii.

Thryomanes bewickii RIDGW. Bull. Nutt. Orn. Club, II, July, 1877, 60.

### 719a. Thryomanes bewickii spilurus (Vig.).

Troglodytes spilurus VIG. Zool. Voy. Blossom, 1839, 18, pl. iv, fig. 1.

Thryomanes bewicki spilurus RIDGW. Essex. Inst. V, Oct. 1874, 170.

# 719b. Thryomanes bewickii leucogaster (BAIRD).

Thryothorus bewickii var. leucogaster BAIRD, Rev. Am. Bds. Aug. 1864, 127.

Thryomanes bewicki var. leucogaster RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. I, Oct. 9, 1878, 121.

#### 719.1 Thryomanes leucophrys (Anthony).

Thryothorus leucophrys Anthony, Auk, XII, Jan. 1895, 52. Thryomanes leucophrys A. O. U. Comm. MS.

### 720. Thryomanes brevicauda Ridgw.

Thryomanes brevicauda RIDGW. Bull. U. S. Geol. and Geog. Surv. Terr. II, No. 2, April 1, 1876, 186.

Subgenus ANORTHURA RENNIE. This is raised to a full genus (cf. OBERHOLSER, Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. XXI, No. 1153, Nov. 19, 1898, 421). Hence Nos. 722, 722a, 723, will stand as follows:

#### 722. Anorthura hiemalis (VIEILL.).

Troglodytes hiemalis VIEILL. Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat. XXXIV, 1819, 514.

Anorthura hyemalis Coues & Prentiss, Smiths. Rep. for 1861 (1862), 410.

### 722a. Anorthura hiemalis pacifica (BAIRD).

Troglodytes hiemalis var. pacificus BAIRD, Rev. Am. Bds. I, Sept. 1864, 145.

Anorthura hiemalis pacifica OBERHOLSER, Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. XXI, No. 1153, Nov. 19, 1898, 421.

# 723. Anorthura alascensis (BAIRD).

Troglodytes alascensis BAIRD, Trans. Chic. Ac. Sci. I, 1869, 315, pl. xxx, fig. 3.

Anorthura alascensis Coues, Key, 1872, 87.

# 725c. Cistothorus palustris plesius Oberholser. Western Marsh Wren.

Cistothorus palustris plesius OBERHOLSER, Auk, XIV, Apr. 1897, 188.

[B 268, part, C 51, part, R 67a, part, C 80, part.]

GEOG. DIST. — Western United States, except the Pacific Coast; north to British Columbia and Alberta, east to the Rocky Mountains and Texas, south into Mexico.

The Tulé Wren (No. 725a, Cistothorus palustris paludicola) thus becomes restricted to the Pacific Coast region.

726. Certhia familiaris americana (Bonap.). This becomes Certhia familiaris fusca (Barton).

Certhia fusca Barton, Fragments Nat. Hist. Penn., 1799, 11. Certhia familiaris fusca Coues, Bds. N. W. 1874, 230.

737. Parus meridionalis Scl. Parus meridionalis Sclater, 1856, is preoccupied by Parus meridionalis Lilljeborg, 1852. Hence this becomes

Parus sclateri KLEINS.

Parus sclateri Kleinschmidt, Journ. f. Orn. 1897, 92, 133.

746a. Auriparus flaviceps lamprocephalus Oberholser.

Auriparus flaviceps lamprocephalus Oberholser, Auk, XIV, Oct. 1897, 391.

[B 300, part, C 37, part, R 50, part, C 56 part.]

GEOG. DIST. - Lower California.

- Subgenus **HYLOCICHLA** BAIRD (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 316). This is raised to a full genus (cf. Oberholser, Auk, XV, Oct. 1898, 304). Hence Nos. 755 to 759b will stand as follows:
- 755. Hylocichla mustelina (GMEL.).

Turdus mustelinus GMEL. S. N. I, ii, 1788, 817.

Hylocichla mustelina RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. III, Aug. 27, 1880, 166.

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#### 756. Hylocichla fuscescens (STEPH.).

Turdus fuscescens Steph. Gen. Zool. X, i, 1817, 182.

Hylocichla fuscescens RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. III,. Aug. 27, 1880, 166.

### 756a. Hylocichla fuscescens salicicola Ridgw.

Hylocichla fuscescens salicicola RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. IV, Apr. 6, 1882, 374.

# 757. Hylocichla aliciæ (BAIRD).

Turdus aliciæ BAIRD, Bds. N. Am. 1858, 217.

Hylocichla aliciæ RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. III, Aug. 27, 1880, 166.

### 757a. Hylocichla aliciæ bicknelli Ridgw.

Hylocichla aliciæ bicknelli Ridgw. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. IV, Apr. 6, 1882, 377.

# 758. Hylocichla ustulata (Nutt.).

Turdus ustulatus NUTT. Man. Orn. Land Bds. ed. 2, 1840,. 830 (cestulatus, err. typ. p. 400).

Hylocichla ustulata RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. III, Aug. 27, 1880, 166.

# 758a. Hylocichla ustulata swainsoni (CAB.).

Turdus swainsoni CAB. Faun. Per. 1845-46, 187.

Hylocichla ustulata swainsoni RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. III, Aug. 27, 1880, 166.

# 758b. Hylocichla ustulata œdica Oberh.

Hylocichla ustulata ædica OBERHOLSER, Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 23.

[B 153, part, C 5, part, R 4a, part, C 13, part.]

GEOG. DIST. — California, excepting the northern coast; north

in the interior to southern Oregon; south, in winter, to Arizona and northern Mexico.

#### 759. Hylocichla aonalaschkæ (GMEL.).

Turdus aonalaschkæ GMEL. S. N. I, ii, 1788, 808. Hylocichla unalashkæ RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. III, Aug. 27, 1880, 166.

#### 759a. Hylocichla aonalaschkæ auduboni (BAIRD).

Turdus auduboni BAIRD, Rev. Am. Bds. June, 1864, 16.

Hylocichla unalashkæ audubonii RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus.

III, Aug. 27, 1880, 166.

### 759b. Hylocichla aonalaschkæ pallasii (CAB.).

Turdus pallasii CAB. Wiegm. Archiv, 1847, i, 205.

Hylocichla unalashkæ pallasii RIDGW. Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. III,

Aug. 27, 1880, 166.

#### HYPOTHETICAL LIST.

### 11.2. Totanus totanus (Linn.).

Common Redshank.

Scolopax totanus LINN. S. N. ed. 10, 1758, 145.

Totanus totanus Coues, Auk, XIV, April, 1897, 212.

GEOG. DIST. — Europe, Asia, and Africa. Accidental in North America (Hudson Bay)? (Cf. Coues, Auk, XIV, April, 1897, 211.)

# II.—PROPOSED CHANGES IN NOMENCLATURE NOT ACCEPTED.

76. Storna anæthetus vs. S. anæstheta. Cf. Coues, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 314.

The evidence that anæthetus is a "misprint" is not satisfactory.

88. **Puffinus borealis** Cory vs. *P. kuhlii* (Bon.). *Cf.* Salvin, Cat. Bds. B. M. XXV, 1896, 426.

The proposed change is undesirable, in view of fairly satisfactory evidence that the two names represent distinct species.

106.2. Oceanodroma cryptoleucura Ridgw. vs. *Procellaria* castro Harcourt. Cf. Grant, Ibis, Apr. 1898, 314.

It is probable that Harcourt's name castro was applied to a species distinct from O. cryptoleucura RIDGW.

151. Clangula clangula americana (Bonap.) vs. Clangula clangula. Cf. Elliot, Wild Fowl, 1898, 178, 289.

There is no apparent reason for the proposed change.

Subfamily **PLECTROPTERINÆ**. *Cf.* Salvadori, Cat. Bds. B. M. XXVII, 1895, 45; Elliot, Wild Fowl, 1898, 273.

The introduction into the Check-List of this heterogeneous Old World group for the genus Aix Boie is considered undesirable, even though the genus Aix may not be strictly referable to Anatina.

- GENUS **AIX** (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 52). vs. Æx. Cf. B. O. U. Check-List Br. Bds. 1883, 123; ELLIOT, Wild Fowl, 1898, 273.
- GENUS **Harelda** (Eighth Suppl. Check-List, in Auk, XIV, 1897, 124) vs. *Havelda*. Cf. Elliot, Wild Fowl, 1898, 290.

These proposed changes are rejected as being contrary to Canon XL of the A. O. U. Code.

GENUS **OLOR** (Check-List, 2d ed., p. 65) vs. Cygnus. Cf. Elliot, Wild Fowl, 1898, 265.

No reason is evident for adopting the proposed change.

GENUS LIMNOGERANUS SHARPE, Bull. Br. Orn. Club, No. VII, March 25, 1893, p. xxxvii; Cat. Bds. B. M. XXIII, 1894, 259. Type, Grus americanus (LINN.).

There seems no sufficient reason for recognizing *Limnogeranus*, even as a subgenus, for *Grus americanus* (LINN.).

- 236. Tringa couesi vs. T. maritimus couesi. Cf. Elliot, N. Am. Shore-Birds, 1895, 70, 235.
- 237. Tringa ptilocnemis vs. T. maritimus ptilocnemis. Cf. Elliot, N. Am. Shore-Birds, 1895, 73, 235.
- [253.] Totanus nebularius (Gunn.). vs. T. littoreus. Cf. Elliot, N. Am. Shore-Birds, 1895, 120, 239.
- 303. Lagopus welchi vs. L. rupestris welchi. Cf. Elliot, Gall. Game Birds N. Am. 1897, 157, 207.
- 305a. Tympanuchus americanus attwateri vs. T. attwateri Cf. Elliot, Gall. Game Birds N. Am. 1897, 122.

The Committee does not see any reason to change its former ruling in any of the preceding five cases.

328. **Elanus leucurus** (VIEILL.) vs. *Elanus glaucus* (BARTON). *Cf.* COUES, Auk, XIV, April 1897, 216.

Rejected on the ground that Falco glaucus BARTON is indeterminable, but more probably referable to Circus hudsonius (LINN.) & ad., than to Elanus leucurus (VIEILL.)

- 542a. Ammodramus sandwichensis savanna Wils.) vs.
  - A. s. wilsonianus Coues. Cf. Coues, Auk, XIV, Jan. 1897, 93).
  - Savanna and savannarum are considered as sufficiently distinct names.
- 550b. Ammodramus maritimus sennetti Allen vs. A. sennetti. Cf. Chapman, Auk, XVI, Jan. 1899, 3.

Its close relation to the *maritimus* group seems best expressed by the trinomial designation.

GENUS CLIVICOLA FORSTER (Check-List, 2d. ed., p. 259) vs. Riparia FORSTER. Cf. COUES, Auk, XV, July, 1898, 271.

Although *Riparia* stands first in the same work, *Clivicola* is retained on the ground that it was adopted in preference to *Riparia* by the 'first reviser.' *Cf.* STEJNEGER, Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. V, 1882, 32.

#### III.—SPECIES AND SUBSPECIES NOT ACCEPTED.

Oidemia carbo (PALLAS). Cf. SALVADORI, Cat. Bds. B. M. XXVII, 1895, 412.

The supposed Alaskan specimen not satisfactorily identified.

Haliæetus leucocephalus washingtoni (AUD.). Cf. BANGS, Auk, XV, April, 1898, 174.

It is deemed inadvisable to admit an intermediate form between the northern and southern Bald Eagles (cf. antea, p. 109), and especially undesirable to resuscitate the name washingtoni.

Spectyto cunicularia obscura Stephens, Auk, XII, Oct. 1898, 372.

The supposed characters prove not to have been well founded. Cf. McGregor, Auk, XV, April, 1898, 187.

Tyrannus tyrannus vexator BANGS, Auk, XV, April, 1898, 178.

Myiarchus crinitus boreus BANGS, Auk, XV, April, 1898, 179. Sitta pusilla caniceps BANGS, Auk, XV, April, 1898, 180. Based mainly on differences due to season.

Parus (Lophophanes) bicolor floridanus BANGS, Auk, XV, April, 1898, 180.

Hylocichla ustulata almæ OBERHOLSER, Auk, XV, Oct. 1898, 304.

Sialia sialis grata BANGS, Auk, XV, April, 1898, 182

In the preceding six cases the alleged differences prove too slight to warrant recognition in nomenclature.

# IV. -- REFERRED TO SUBCOMMITTEES FOR INVESTI-GATION.

### Referred to Messrs. Ridgway and Brewster.

Amphispiza belli nevadensis vs. A. nevadensis. Cf. Grinnell, Auk, Jan. 1898, 59; Fisher, ibid. Apr. 1898, 190.

Amphispiza belli clementeæ RIDGWAY, Auk, XV, July, 1898, 230.

Thryothorus cerroensis Anthony, Auk, XIV, Apr. 1897, 166. Thryomanes bewickii cryptus Oberholser, Pr. U. S. Nat. Mus. XXI, No. 1153, Nov. 1898, 425.

Thryomanes bewickii eremophilus OBERHOLSER, l. c. 427.

Thryomanes bewickii charienturus OBERHOLSER, l. c. 435.

Thryomanes bewickii drymæcus OBERHOLSER, l. c. 437.

Thryomanes bewickii calophonus OBERHOLSER, c. l. 440.

Thryomanes bewickii nesophilus OBERHOLSER, l. c. 442.

# Referred to Mr. Ridgway.

Fulmarus glacialis columba Anthony, Auk, XII, 1895, 372.

Fulmarus glacialis minor vs. F. glacialis. Cf. Salvin, Cat. Bds. B. M. XXV, 1896, 426.

Fulmarus glacialis rodgersi vs. F. rodgersi. Cf. SALVIN, ibid. 426.

Puffinus stricklandi RIDGW. vs. P. griseus (GMEL.). Cf. SAL-VIN, ibid. 386.

# Referred to Mr. Brewster.

Empidonax insulicola Oberholser, Auk, XIV, July, 1897, 300. Regulus calendula grinnelli Wm. Palmer, Auk, XIV, Oct. 1897, 399.

The following cases were also referred for further investigation. Referred to Mr. Frank M. Chapman.

159. Somateria mollissima borealis Brehm., vs. S. mollissima. Cf. Elliot, Wild Fowl, 1898, 294.

Referred to Dr. J. Dwight, Jr.

277a. Ægialitis meloda circumcincta Ridgw. vs. Æ. meloda (ORD). Cf. Sharpe, Cat. Bds. B. M. XXIV, 1896, 294.

Referred to Dr. Chas. W. Richmond.

Bubo virginianus pallescens STONE, Am. Nat. March, 1897, 236.

# V.—DEFERRED ON ACCOUNT OF LACK OF MATERIAL.

Ammodramus halophilus McGregor, Auk, XV, July, 1898, 265.

Lanius ludovicianus migrans Wm. PALMER, Auk, XV, July, 1898, 248.

Salpinctes obsoletus pulverius Grinnell, Auk, XV, July, 1898, 238.